**Civil wars in France**

This essay delves into the particular details of the France civil war together with the key events in the war, its causes and the impact on society and its economy, the effect on international involvement, leaders and the lasting impact it brought. The French religions wars were a series of civil wars between French Catholic’s and French Protestants.

**Causes of civil war**

Social economic and political grievances were the main factors that led to the civil wars in France. Tension

Between different groups together with their differences in wealth distribution and the ideological divides were the main things that led to the struggle for escalating conflict. Furthermore the impact of the political power and the historical events displayed significant role in sparking the upheaval. When Calvinist grew popularity in France it led to the eruption of the war in France as the Calvinist Huguenots fought against catholic leagues for religious freedom and political control of the country. France power usually lies among the royalty and the common people are the nobles and therefore led to the massacre of many Protestants. Increased taxes, demand for voting right and poor harvest led to the outbreak of revolutionary protest in France. The desire of the southerners for unpaid workers to pick the valuable cotton strengthened their need for slavery while on the other hand the industrial revolution in the north did not require slave labour leading to their people protesting against the slavery and therefore the clash that led to the civil war.

**Key events and battles of the civil war**

1. There was a rise of unrest in France. The war was followed by series of events that brought the rise of tension in the nation. The food shortages caused the lack of progress and led to the popular unrest in the nation. Additionally challenges in the society such as unemployment, poverty, discrimination and strained relationship between the minor communities and law enforcement led to the unrest in the country.
2. Fight for location. The pivotal battle marked a turning point with the war with the important strategic and human costs on both sides. The outcome of this clash influenced the trajectory of the conflict and leave a lasting impact on the course of French history.
3. End of conflict. the end of the civil war in the country was important shift in political landscape and established a new order within the nation. The activities during the war reshaped the framework of the society and the stage for subsequent development

**Effects of the civil war on its society and the countries economy**

The economic structure and the changes in the fabric of the French society were impacted by civil war in the nation. The rate of the economic growth reduced together with the capital. There was a societal division between the communities in war and the repercussions of the conflict was felt across he whole nation, making a mark on the lives of the citizens of France and the functioning of their economy. Some of the international countries had a huge impact on the war: They formed alliances that supported the different societies fighting in the nation together with diplomatic manuevours exerting a very important influence on the way dynamics of the war and what would happen in the future

The war led to period of a nation healing which involved the reconstruction of destroyed buildings and structures as the nation suffered the scars of the conflict.

It led to the need to change and stabilize the economic policies in the country in order to stabilize the country

The legacy of the civil war reshaped the political, social and economic contours that had an impact on the historical continuum of France

**Renowned commanders in the war:** during the war there were some of the lead4rs who were behind the civil war in the country. Each of the commanders made their own significant impact on the war that brought a huge impact that up to date is still on the memory of the French citizens .One of the know leader was Napoleon (iii)

**Political figures:** Some of the political leaders were influential on their communities therefore determining the stand of the war as they played pivotal roles on the unfolding of the events

In conclusion the France civil war generated various changes in the nation, running across the social economic and political fields both nationally and internationally. Understanding the factors that contributed to the war and the effects brought by it shows the resilience of the French people to the adversity